



An Advanced Optimisation Based Approach for Wastewater Network Planning

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THE INTERNATIONAL ASSOCIATION FOR THE ENGINEERING MODELLING, ANALYSIS, AND SIMULATION COMMUNITY.





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UK Water Industry
Challenges

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Advanced Optimisation
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Example Results &
Interactive Reporting

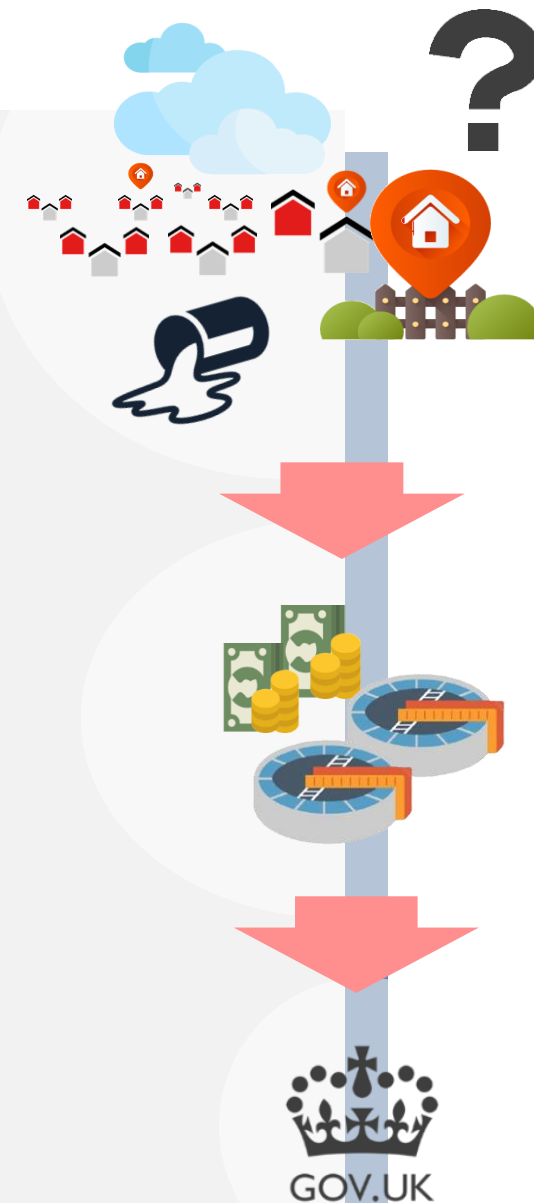
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Outcomes & Benefits

CHALLENGE

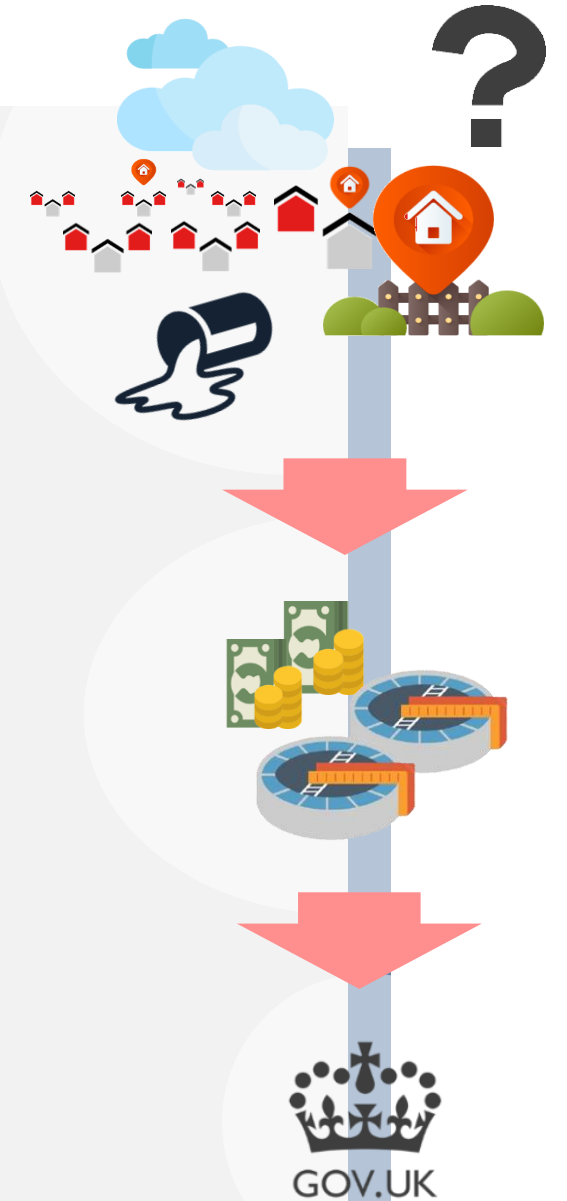
Industry Background

- **Step change in demands** placed on wastewater networks necessitates **efficient investment in upgrades**
 - CSO spills reduced to 10/yr
 - Maintain flood risk & wks capacity in face of climate change
- Insufficient **modelling resource** available
- Manual approaches offer limited confidence



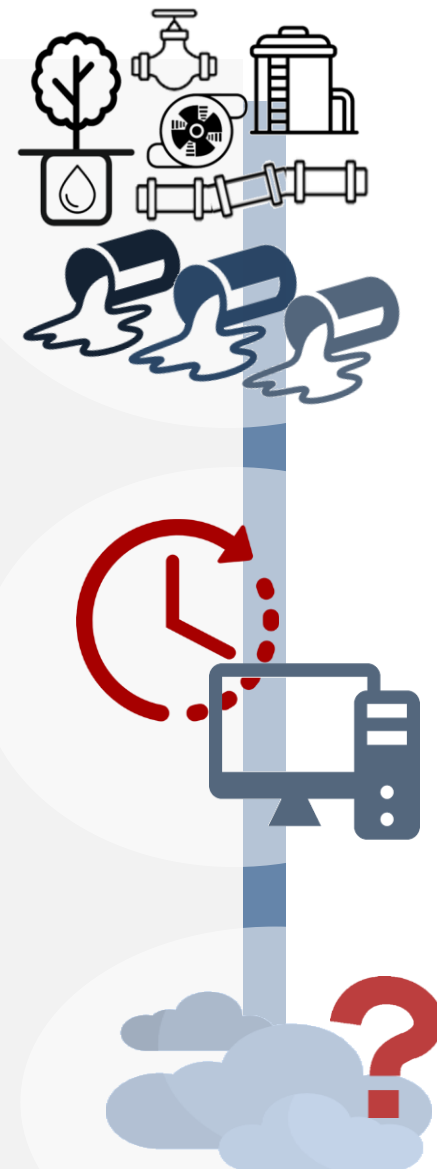
Study Objectives

- Inform “**Price Review**” 5yr business plan
- Create holistic network solutions to meet all performance needs:
 - Ensure treatment works compliance
 - Minimise flood risk across the catchment
 - CSO spills reduced to 10/yr
- Using network upgrades:
 - Pipe upsizes
 - Pump upgrades
 - Storage tanks
 - Groundwater infiltration removal
 - Runoff area disconnection via Sustainable Drainage Solutions (SuDS).
- Analysis based on 1D hydraulic models



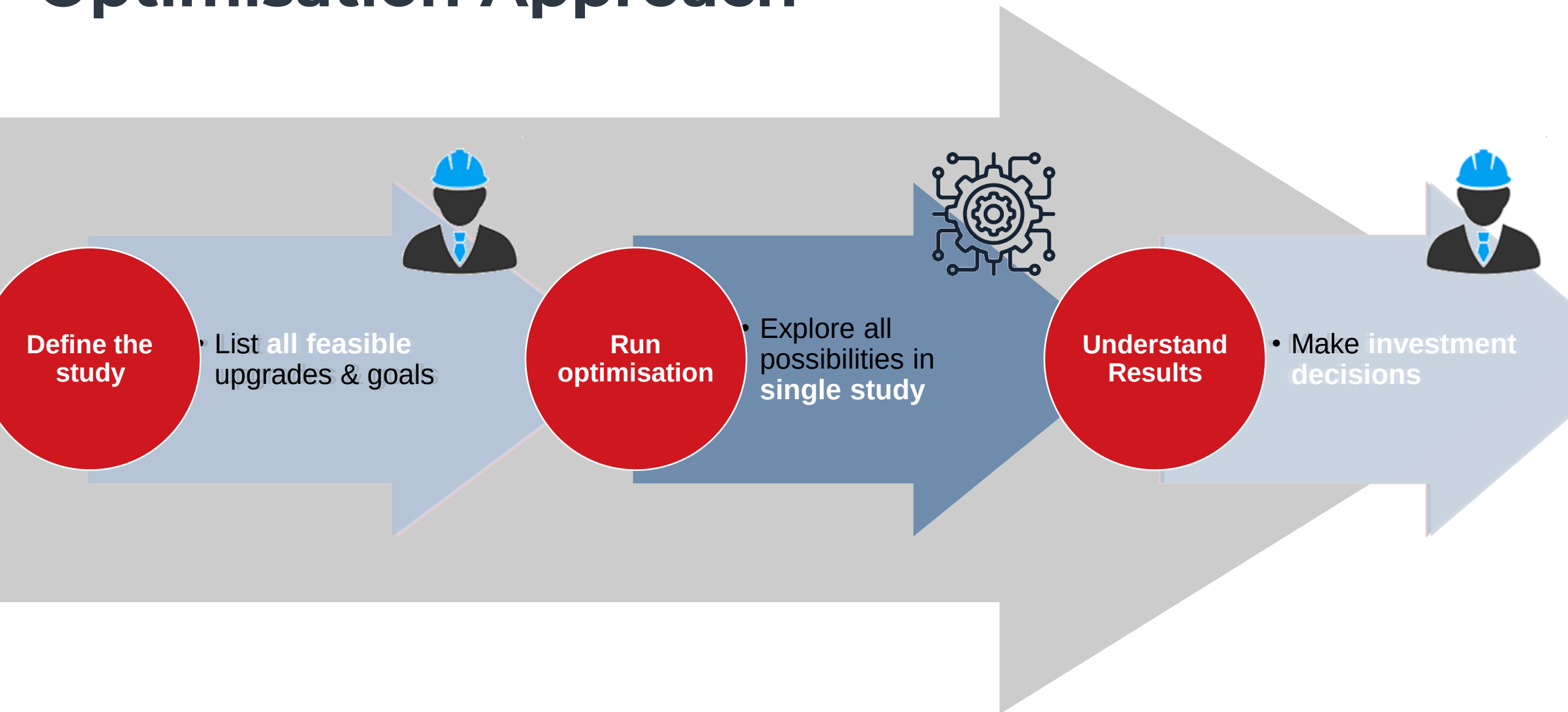
Technical Challenges

- High **dimensionality**
 - 10,000s individual upgrades possible
 - 10,000s individual flood risk points
 - Up to 100 CSOs per catchment
- Long simulation **runtimes**
 - 1 to 10 years of simulation used for CSO spill count
- **High uncertainty** in solution requirements
 - Changing regulatory requirements
 - Unknown boundary conditions



METHODOLOGY

Optimisation Approach



Define The Problem

- Optimisation proforma completed by water company or consultant
- Captures domain knowledge in robust, auditable way

Enter details of all rainfall events to be considered for the future developed scenario.

To reduce computational cost, it is important that the minimum permissible rainfall lag time (minutes simulation continues after rainfall ends) which still result in accurate outputs are used. Provide these in the LAG TIME column. Please additionally state the method/criteria used to determine these in the field to the right.

RAINFALL EVENTS - FUTURE SCENARIO													
GROUP	RAINFALL EVENT NAME	RAINFALL EVENT ID	CLIMATE CHANGE (%)	RETURN PERIOD (yrs)	DURATION (mins)	NETWORK NAME	NETWORK SCENARIO	TRADEWASTE PROFILE	TRADEWASTE PROFILE ID	WASTEWATER PROFILE	WASTEWATER PROFILE ID	LAG TIME (mins)	BASLINE RAINFALL EVENT
2050_20yr	M20_240_2050	126	20	20	240	mpTown_2050	Growth_DLT	Trade_2050	15	WwL_2050	5	120	M20_240_2020
2050_20yr	M20_240_2050	127	20	20	1440	mpTown_2050	Growth_DLT	Trade_2050	15	WwL_2050	5	120	M20_1440_2020
2050_5yr						mpTown							

Specify IDs of all nodes to monitor for flooding, along with corresponding target values and the storm group to obtain the values from. Most catchments split these into 3 groups, each using a different logic for the targets. Feel free to add extra groups or leave some blank as required. The storm group should be specified explicitly to match the STORMS sheet - frequently it is desired to measure spills from one set of storms, and flooding from another.

NODE FLOOD VOLUME TARGETS									
Group 0			Group 1			Group 2			TOTAL NODE COUNT
3			3			3			9
NODE ID	VOLUME TARGET (m3)	STORM GROUP	NODE ID	VOLUME TARGET (m3)	STORM GROUP	NODE ID	VOLUME TARGET (m3)	STORM GROUP	
18273210			L27192501			182734			
1600726349			L27207001			182739			
L27192301			S28200010			182733			
	0	2050L_20		baseline+30m,300%	2050L_20yr		baseline	2050L_20yr	

Specify all links where cumulative flow is to be limited. This usually consists of all spill I. As standard, 2 groups are offered, each using a different logic for the targets, although required. Explicit values for each location can also be specified if desired - exemplify

SPILLS / LINK VOLUME CONSTRAINTS				
Group 0			Group 1	
3			3	
LINK ID	VOLUME TARGET (m3)	STORM GROUP	LINK ID	VOLUME TARGET (m3)
S28861930.1	4000		S28861730.1	baseline+30m,300%
2619820.3	1580		26527121	
9824940.1	1695		26527122	
		2050L_5		

Unless specifically requested, non - circular conduits will be enlarged by the same factor in both width and height. Therefore, provide bounds for one of either width or height for each conduit. It is permissible to specify the bounds with basic logic as in the example, or as explicit values. - Please see the comments in the header cells for details.

CONDUIT UPGRADES					CONDUIT SIZE OPTIONS		CONDUIT UPSIZE METHOD		OFFLINE STORAGE LOCATIONS			
GROUP	PARAMETER NAME	LINK ID	LOWER BOUND (mm)	UPPER BOUND (mm)	SIZE OPTIONS LIST	1	Add additional columns as required..	Maintain Invert Level and grow upwards	Maintain Soffit Level and grow downwards	NODE ID	CREST LEVEL LOWER BOUND (mAD)	CREST LEVEL UPPER BOUND (mAD)
0	Width	ab30333078.1	baseline	ground/level - 0.6m	1	75						
0	Width	ab30333073.1	baseline	ground/level - 0.6m	1	150						
0	Height	ab30333071.1	baseline	ground/level - 0.6m	1	225						
1	Width											
1	Height											

Please also specify if pipes should be upsized by growing upwards (default) or downwards

Y

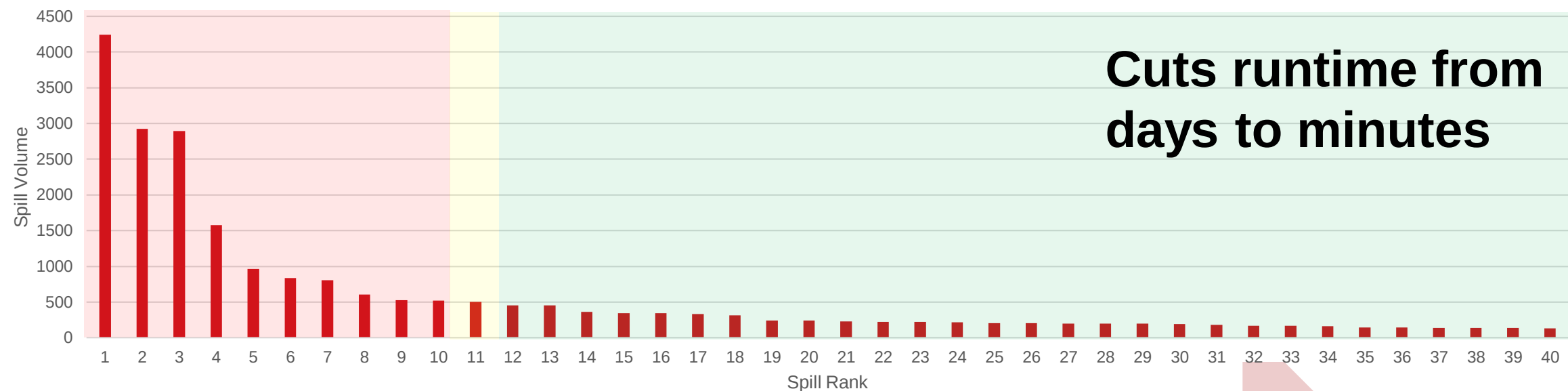
The standard cost model is able to apply different costs based upon the "ground condition" & "site condition" fields within the conduits table in ICM.

DEPTH (m)		DIAMETER (mm)		CONDUIT UPGRADE COST (£/m/length)													
		SUBURBS				RURAL				URBAN				UNSTABLE			
		FIELD	ROAD	'AYEMENUNPAVE'	FIELD	ROAD	'AYEMENUNPAVE'	FIELD	ROAD	'AYEMENUNPAVE'	FIELD	ROAD	'AYEMENUNPAVE'	FIELD	ROAD	'AYEMENUNPAVE'	
0	150			220													
0	150			360													
0	150			620													
0	150			920													
0	150			1220													
0	150			1520													
1	150			260													
1	150			430													
1	150			700													
1	150			1020													
1	150			1350													
1	150			1670													
2	150			1940													
2	150			1480													
2	150			1940													
2	150			700													
2	150			500													
2	150			300													
2	150			450													
2	150			650													
2	150			1000													
2	150			1400													
2	150			1800													
2	150			2200													
4	150			500													
4	150			800													
4	150			1200													
4	150			1700													
4	150			2400													
4	150			2600													

Offline storage is modelled by adding a weir & additional specified locations. The optimisation scales the weir after the volume stored. The upper bound on volume is enforced by the size of the When the level there reaches the weir crest, no more flow

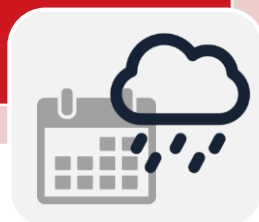
OFFLINE STORAGE (£/m3)			ONLINE STORAGE (£/m3)		
VOLUME	COST		VOLUME	COST	
0	0		0		
0.1	1000000		0.1		
100	5000000		50		

Determine Extract Events



Rank spills from full period

- Find 11th ranked spill



Excel VBA Tool

- Minimise deviation from 11th spill across all CSOs



Validate on “Bookend” runs



Run Optimisation

- **Multi-objective** optimization
 - *Minimise Cost*
 - *Minimise Flood detriment*
 - *Minimise FFT (dry-day wks inflow)*
- Additional **constraints**
 - *Max cost & flooding bounds*
 - *10 spills/yr at each location*
 - *Storm tank utilisation*
- **Advanced** algorithm
 - **Essential** due to long simulation times
 - Avoids **wasted capital outlay**



EXAMPLE RESULTS



Info



Help



CMP



Cost v Perf



Des Map



Heat Map



Cost Cont



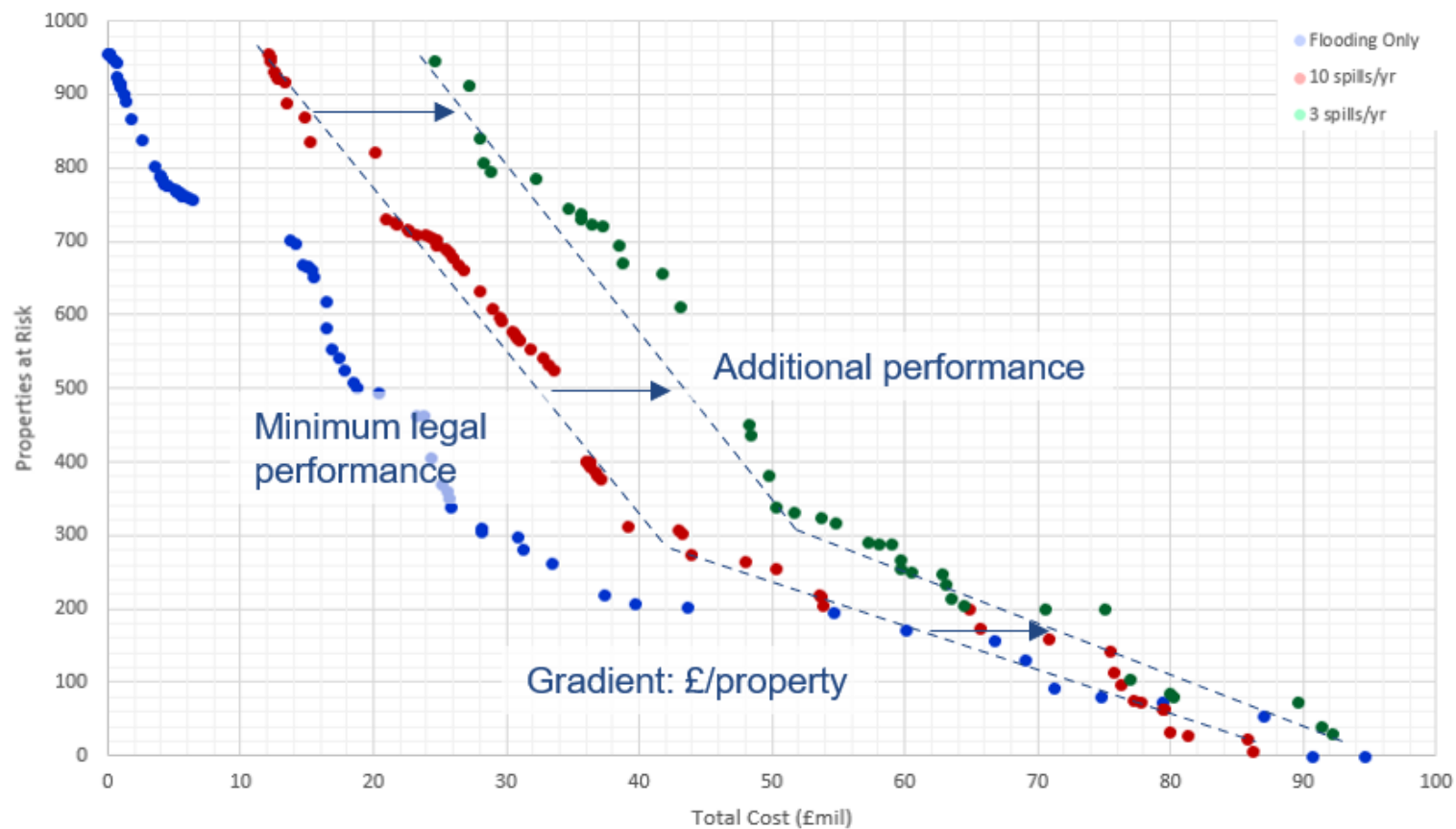
Perf Cont



Des Table



Cost Vs Properties at Risk Scatter Graph



X Axis Zoom Slider

0



Y Axis Zoom Slider



Selector

Highlight :

PR Pareto Only

True

ID

All

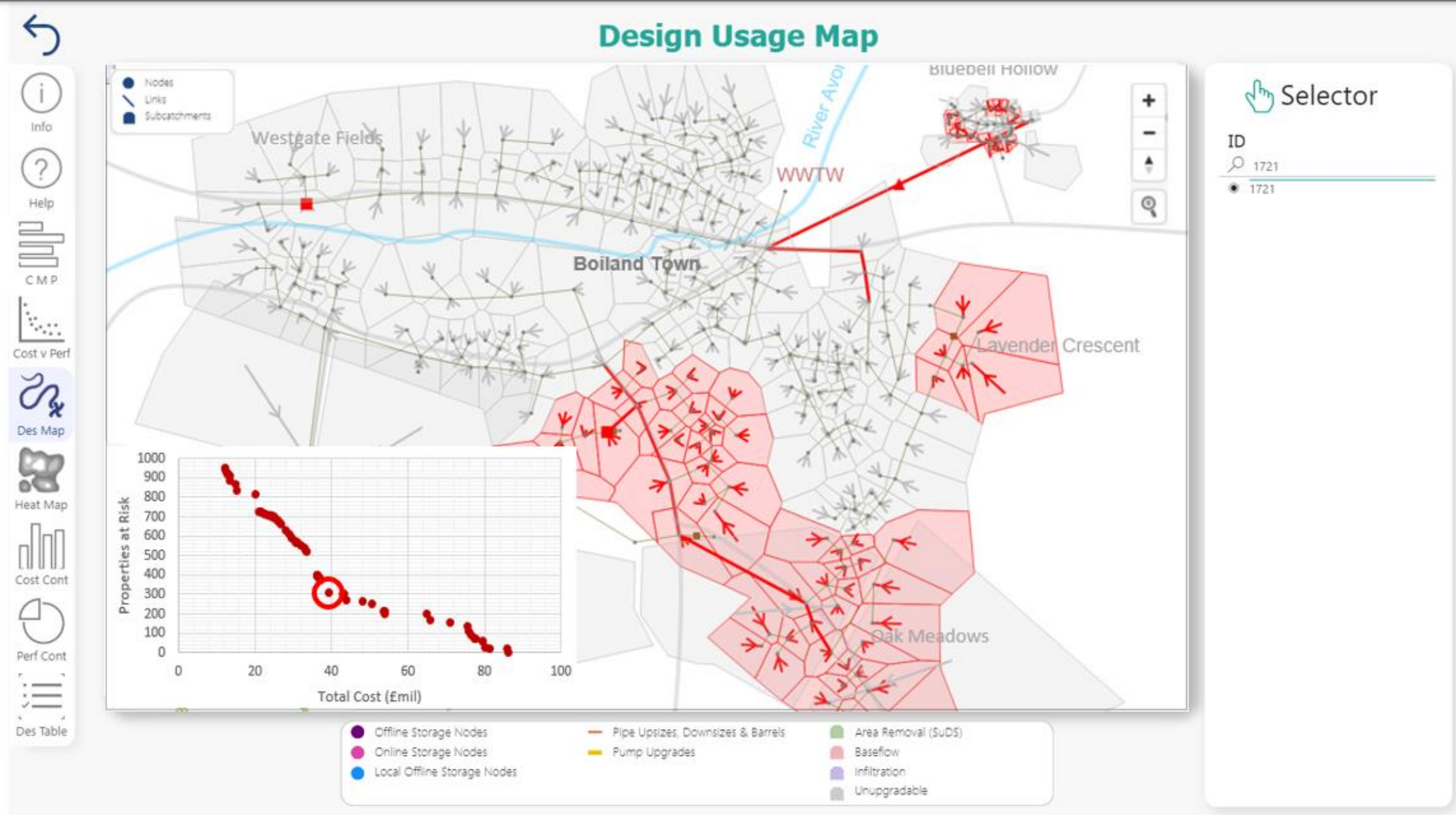
Background :

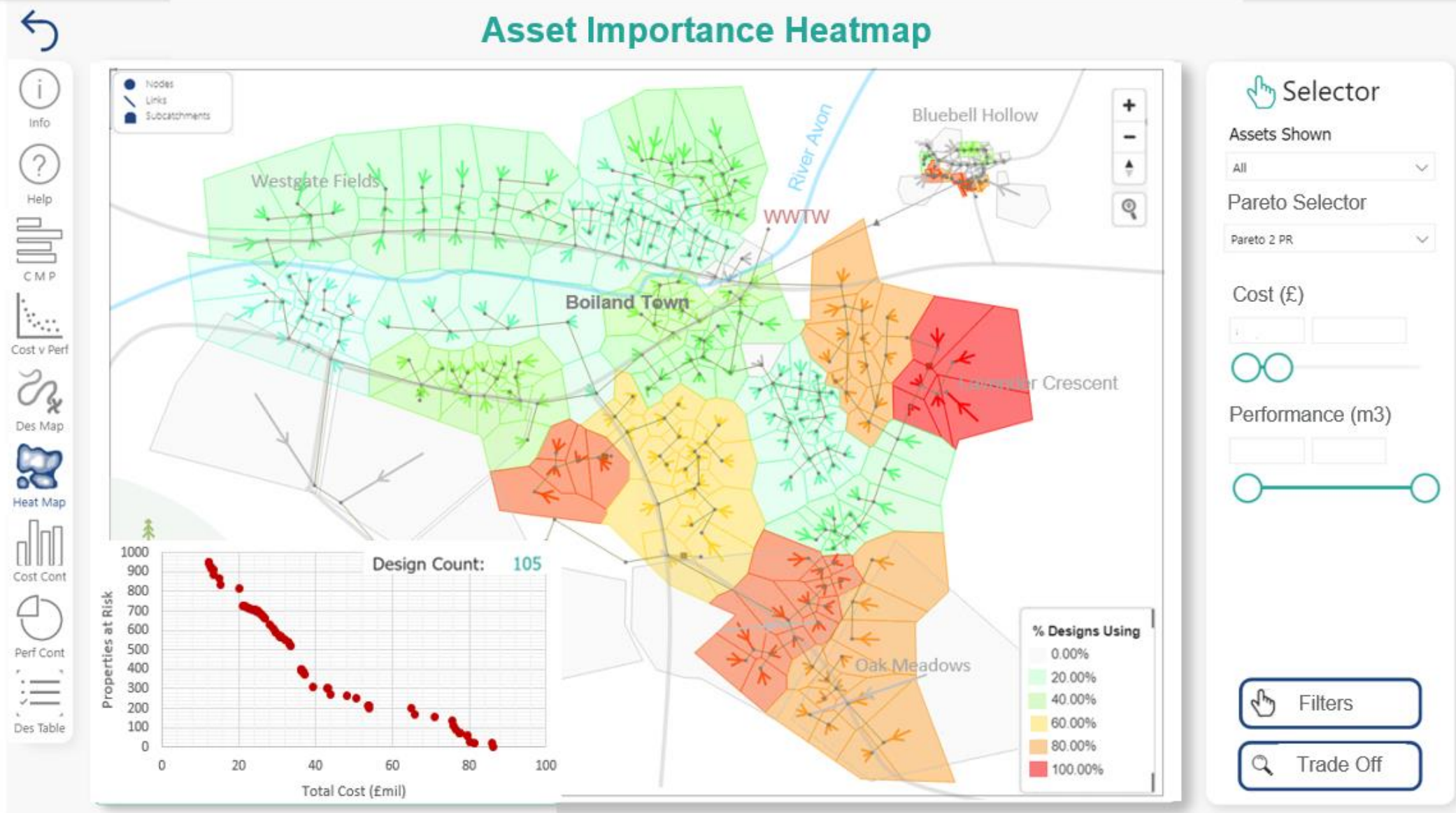
PR Pareto Only Background

True



Asset Filter

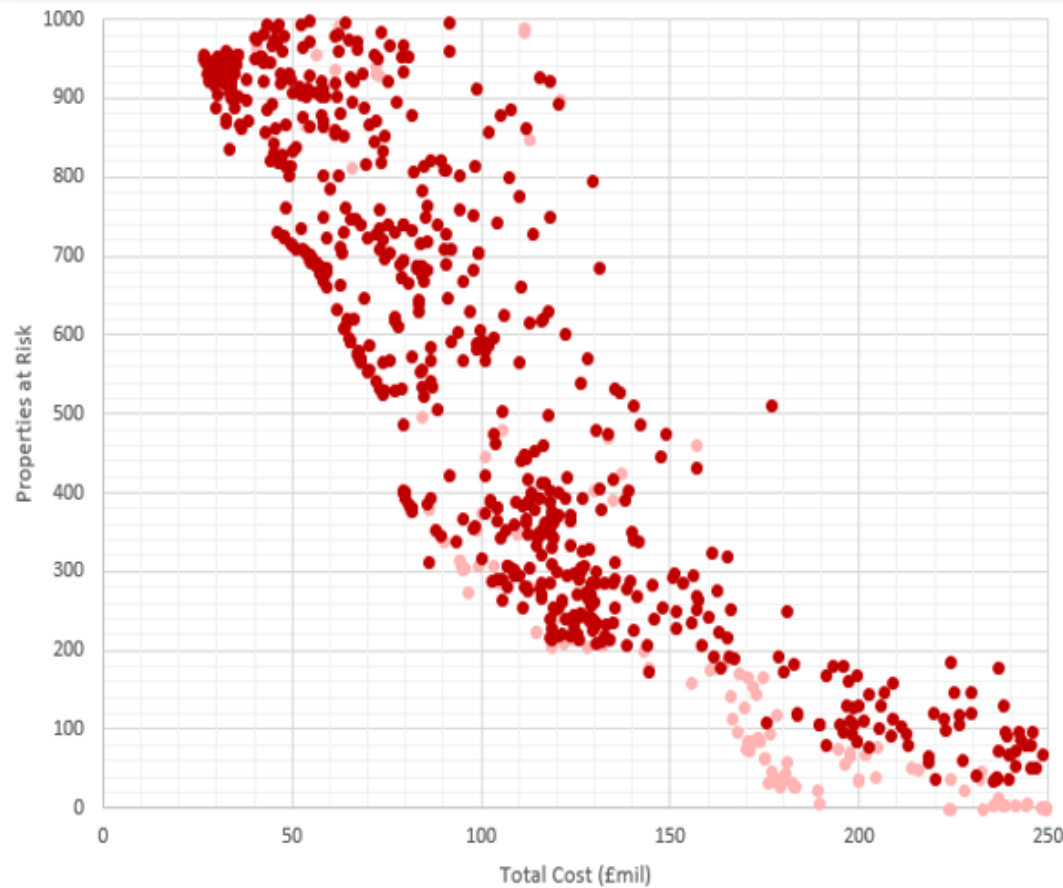






Cost Vs Properties at Risk Scatter Graph

Close Asset Filters



Asset Filter 1

Asset - Area Removal Scaling (Attribute (gro...)



Asset Filter 3

Output - Storm Flood (Attribute (groups)) + ...



Asset Filter 5

All



Asset Filter 7

All



Asset Filter 2

Asset - Conduit Scaling (Attribute (groups)) ...



Asset Filter 4

All



Asset Filter 6

All



Asset Filter 8

All



X Axis Zoom Slider



Y Axis Zoom Slider



Volume View

Volume Detail



Info



Help



CvM



CvP



CCC



PCC



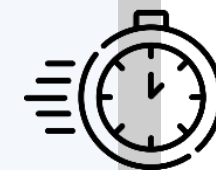
AHM



OUTCOMES

Benefits

- **Confidence** in optimal solution
 - No further “what ifs”
 - **Holistic**, detailed solutions – **Lower risk**
 - **Fair** consideration of innovative, **sustainable** options
- Workflow & Dataset forms a **company asset**
 - Provides **head-start** for detailed design
 - Supports **region-wide** investment decisions
 - Enables **collaborative planning**
- Greater level of solution possible
- Speed



Transferable Concepts

- **Pro-forma** document for auditable problem definition
- **Proxy metrics** combined with **back-check** of optimal results.
- Application of multi-objective optimisation to **high-dimensional** problem.
- **Heatmaps** averaging over optimal designs
- Filtering datasets **after optimization run**

